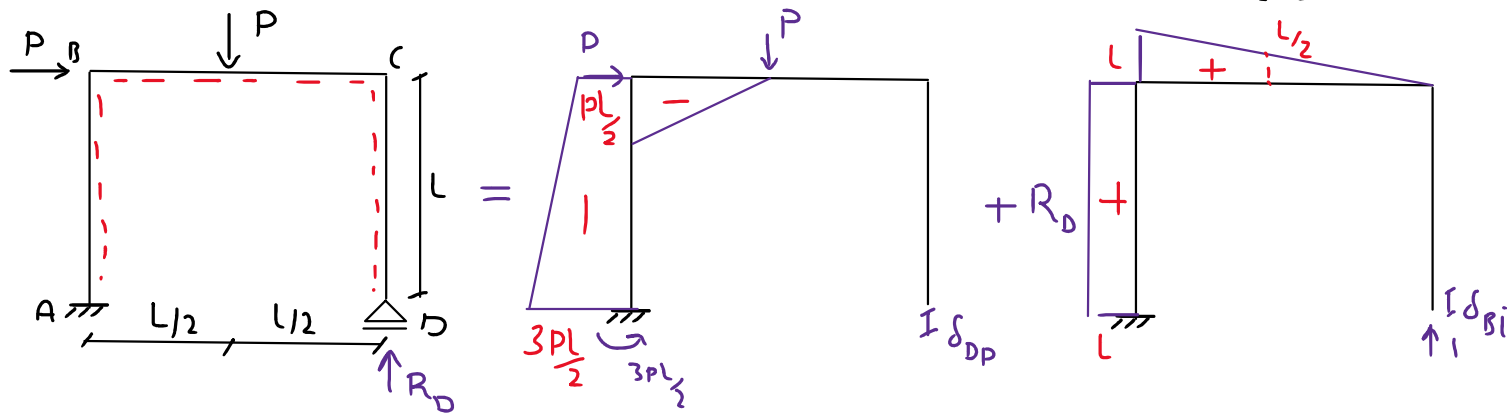


مثال: معکس العمل تکیه گاه D را به دست آورید.



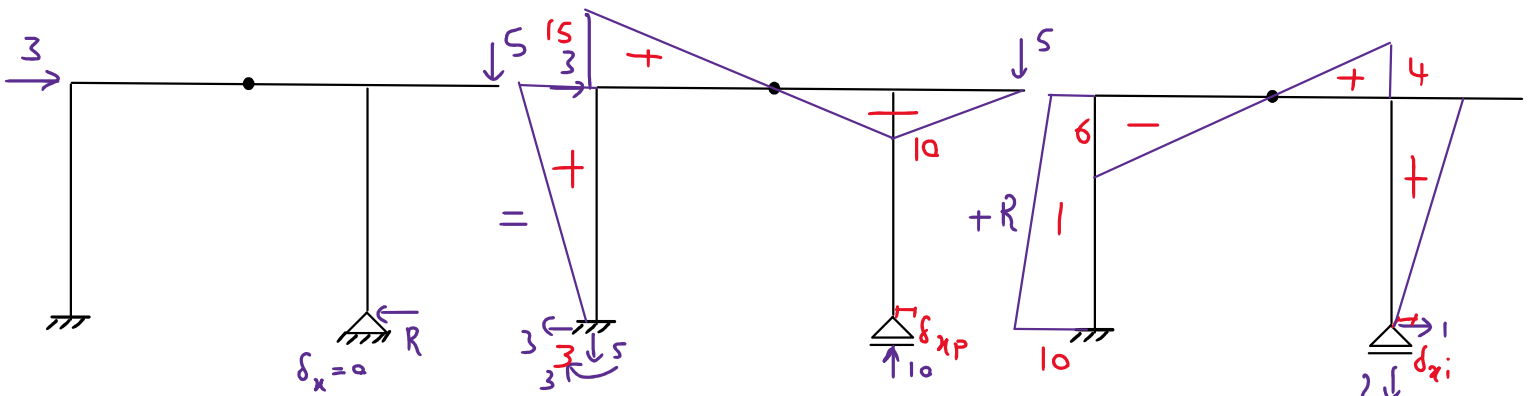
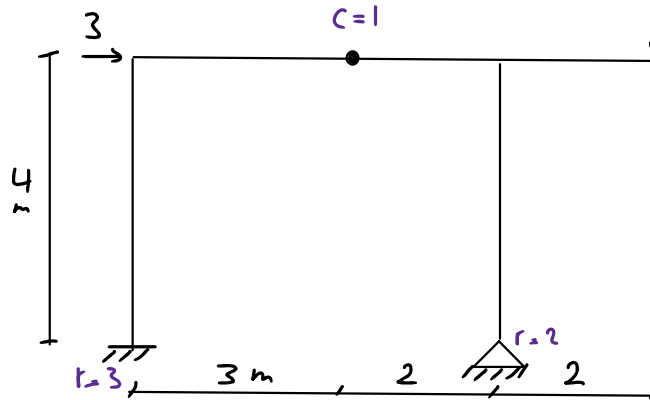
$$\delta_D = 0 \rightarrow \delta_{DP} + R_D \delta_{Di} = 0$$

$$1 \times \delta_{DP} = \int \frac{mM}{EI} dx = \left(\frac{L}{2}\right) \left[2 \left(-\frac{PL}{2}\right)(L) + \left(-\frac{PL}{2}\right)\left(\frac{L}{2}\right) \right] + (L) \left(-PL\right)(L) = -\frac{53}{48} \frac{PL^3}{EI}$$

$$1 \times \delta_{Di} = \int \frac{m^2}{EI} dx = \left(\frac{L}{3}\right)(L^2) + (L^2)(L) = \frac{4}{3} \frac{L^3}{EI}$$

$$-\frac{53}{48} \frac{PL^3}{EI} + R_D \left(\frac{4}{3} \frac{L^3}{EI}\right) = 0 \rightarrow R_D = \frac{53}{64} P$$

مثال: دیاگرام گشتاب شکل زیر را رسم کنید.



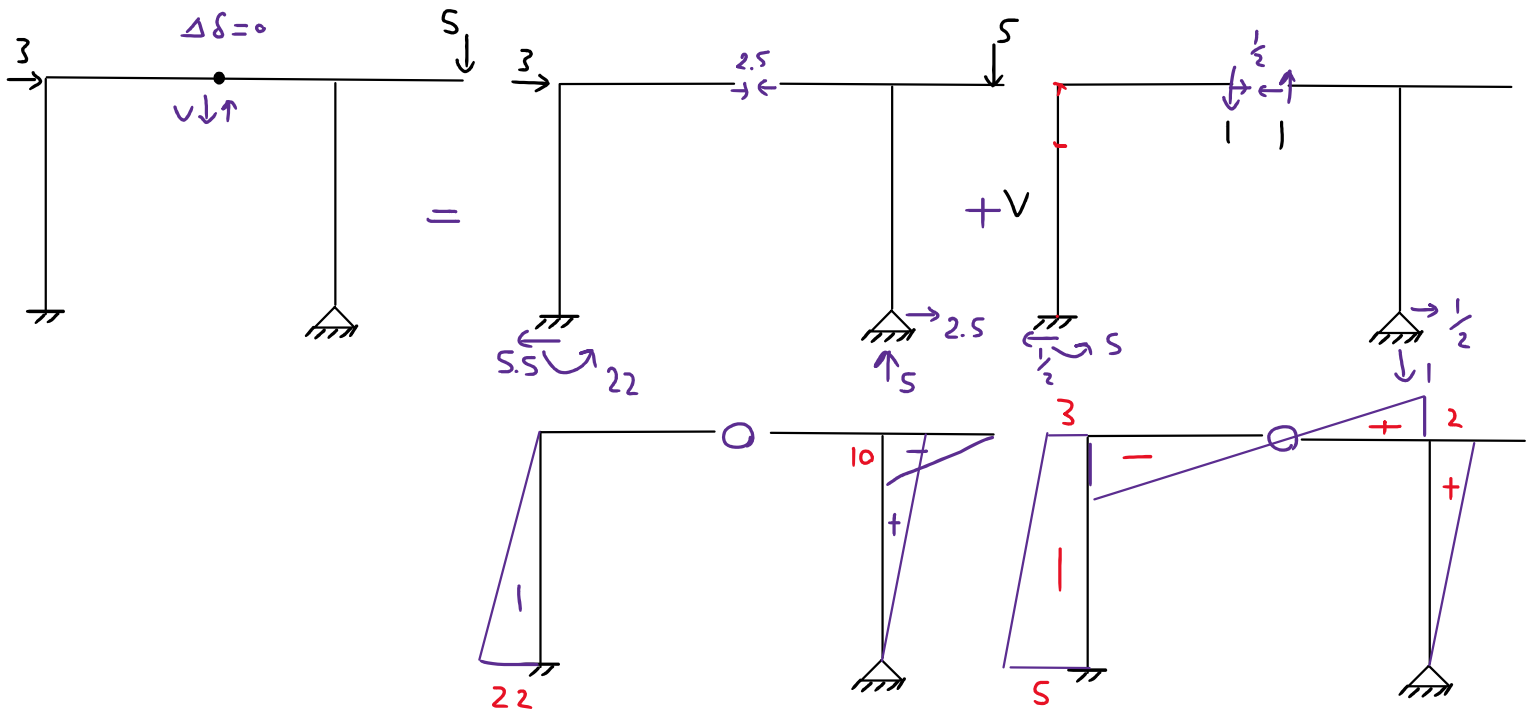
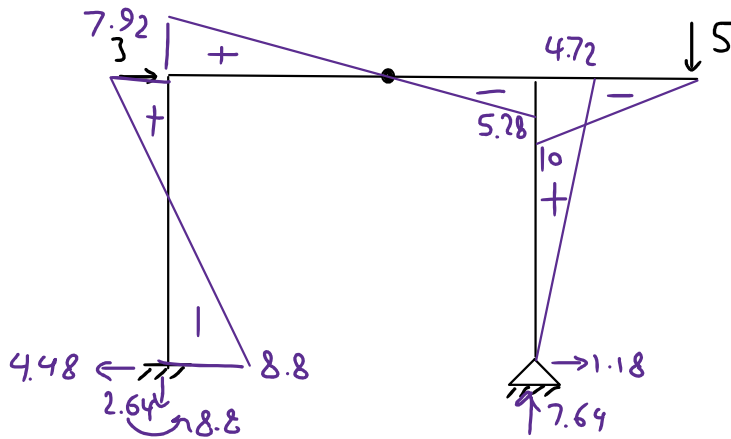


$$1 \times \delta_{x_p} = \int \frac{mM}{EI} dz = \left(\frac{4}{6}\right) [(3)(-10) + 4(9)(-8) + (15)(-6)] + \left(\frac{3}{3}\right)(15)(-6) + \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)(-10)(4) =$$

$$\delta_{x_p} = \frac{-388.67}{EI}$$

$$1 \times \delta_{x_i} = \int \frac{m^2}{EI} dx = \left(\frac{4}{6}\right) [(-10)^2 + 4(-8)^2 + (-6)^2] + \left(\frac{3}{3}\right)(-6)^2 + \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)(4)^2 + \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)(4)^2 = \frac{329.33}{EI}$$

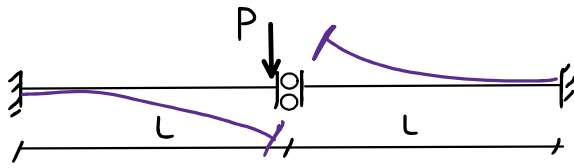
$$\delta_{x_p} + R \delta_{x_i} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{-388.67}{EI} + R \frac{329.33}{EI} = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{R = 1.18} \rightarrow$$



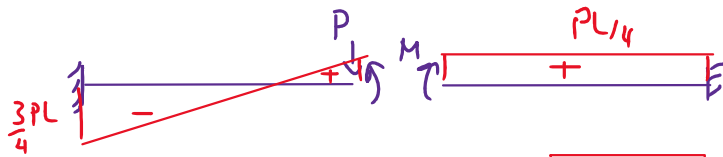
$$1 \times \Delta \delta_p = \int \frac{mM}{EI} dx = \left(\frac{4}{3}\right) [2(-22)(-5) + (-22)(-3)] + \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)(10)(2) = \frac{217.3}{EI}$$

$$1 \times \Delta \delta_i = \int \frac{m^2}{EI} dx = \left(\frac{4}{6}\right) [(-5)^2 + 4(-4)^2 + (-3)^2] + \left(\frac{3}{3}\right)(-3)^2 + \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)(2)^2 + \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)(2^2) = \frac{82.3}{EI}$$

$$\frac{217.3}{EI} + v \frac{82.3}{EI} = 0 \rightarrow v = -2.64$$



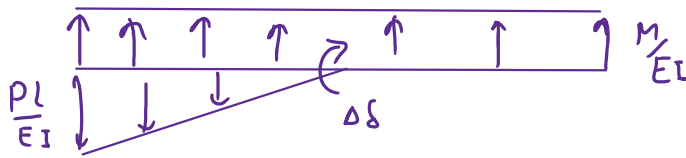
مثال: مطلوب است تعیین پیرشکل زیر.



$$\theta_L = \theta_R$$

سازگار تغییر شکل ما

$$\frac{PL^2}{2EI} - \frac{ML}{EI} = \frac{ML}{EI} \rightarrow M = \frac{PL}{4}$$



تعداد پیرشکل درج

$$\theta \quad v$$

$$\delta_1, \delta_2 \quad M_1, M_2$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \rightarrow \frac{M}{EI}(2L) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{PL}{EI}\right)(L) = 0 \rightarrow M = \frac{PL}{4}$$