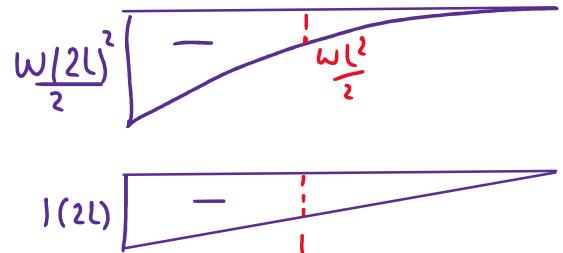
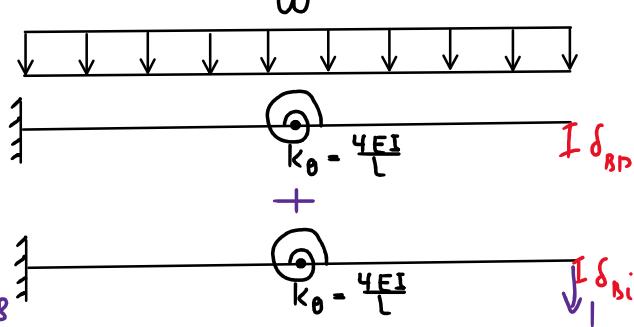
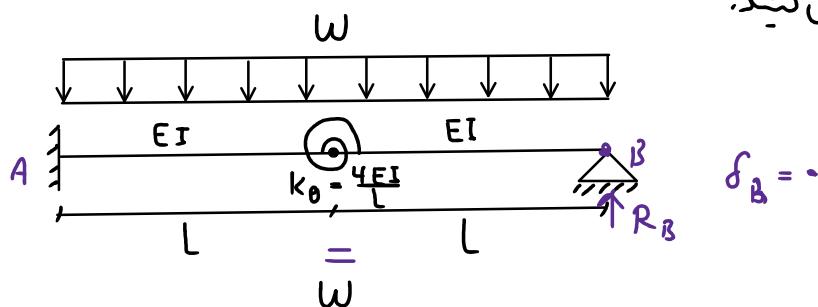


Indeterminate Structures 7

Sunday, January 7, 2024 16:05

مثال: تیرشل زیر را به روش های مختلف تحلیل نماید.

۱) سازگاری تغییرات مابا



$$\delta_{B_P} + R_B \delta_{B_i} = 0$$

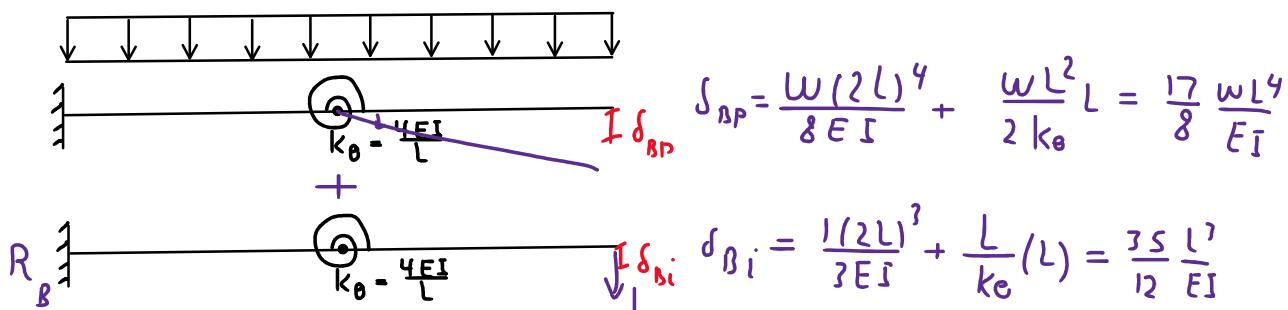
$$1 \times \delta_{B_P} = \int \frac{m \Delta}{EI} dx + m \frac{\Delta}{k_0}$$

$$1 \times \delta_{B_P} = \frac{1}{EI} \left[\left(2WL^2 \right) (2L) + 4 \left(\frac{WL^2}{2} \right) (L) + 0 \right] + (L) \left(\frac{WL^2}{2k_0} \right) = \frac{17}{8} \frac{WL^4}{EI}$$

$$1 \times \delta_{B_i} = \frac{1}{EI} \left(\frac{2L}{3} \right) (2L)^2 + \frac{L^2}{K_0} = \left(\frac{8}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \right) \frac{L^3}{EI} = \frac{35}{12} \frac{L^3}{EI}$$

$$\frac{17}{8} \frac{WL^4}{EI} + R_B \left(\frac{35}{12} \frac{L^3}{EI} \right) = 0 \rightarrow R_B = \frac{51}{70} \frac{WL}{L}$$

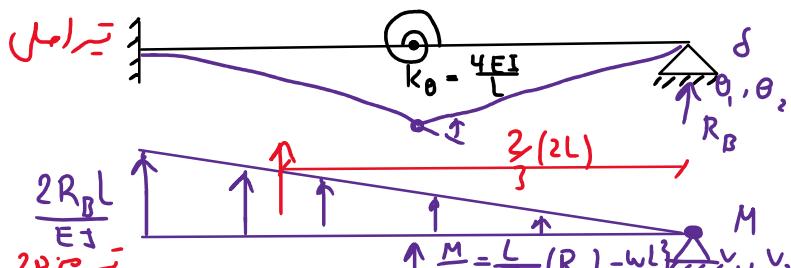
(ب) روابط خطي

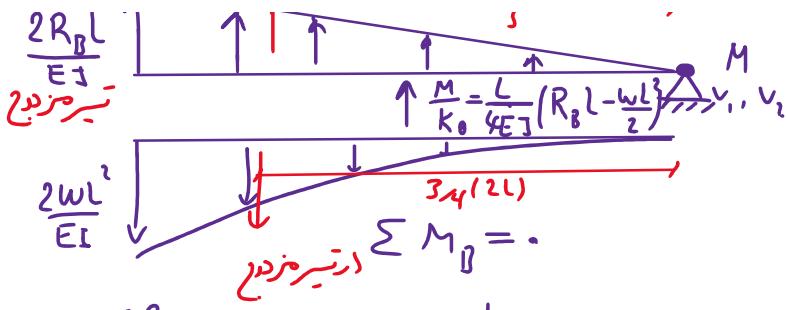


$$\delta_{B_P} = \frac{WL(2L)^4}{8EI} + \frac{WL^2}{2k_0} L = \frac{17}{8} \frac{WL^4}{EI}$$

$$\delta_{B_i} = \frac{1(2L)^3}{3EI} + \frac{L}{k_0} (L) = \frac{35}{12} \frac{L^3}{EI}$$

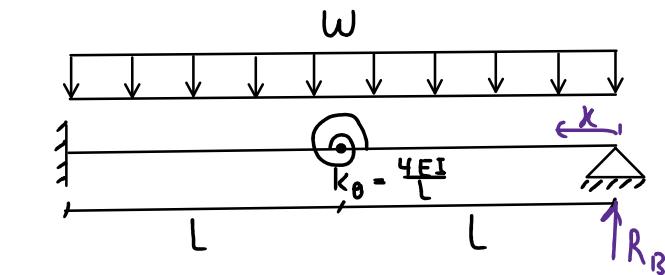
۲) معادلات تعادل تیرزدوج





$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2R_B L}{EI} \right) (2L) \left(\frac{2}{3} + 2L \right) + \frac{L}{4EI} (R_B L - \frac{wL^2}{2})(L) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2wL^2}{EI} \right) (2L) \left(\frac{3}{4} \times 2L \right) = 0$$

$$\frac{8}{3} R_B + \frac{1}{4} R_B - \frac{1}{8} wL - 2wL = 0 \rightarrow \frac{35}{12} R_B = \frac{17}{8} wL \rightarrow R_B = \frac{51}{70} wL$$



$$U = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{M^2}{EI} dx + \frac{1}{2} \frac{M^2}{k_0}$$

$$\frac{\partial U}{\partial R_B} = \int \frac{M}{EI} \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial R_B} \right) dx + \frac{M}{k_0} \frac{\partial M}{\partial R_B} = 0$$

$$\delta_B = 0 \rightarrow \frac{\partial U}{\partial R_B} = 0$$

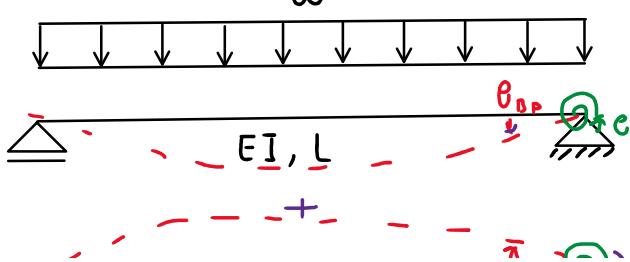
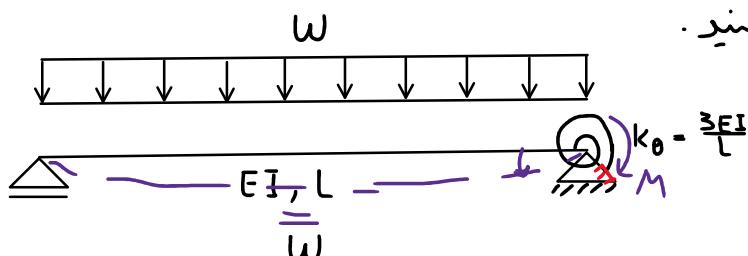
$$\therefore M = R_B x - \frac{w x^2}{2} \quad \frac{\partial M}{\partial R_B} = x$$

$$\therefore M = R_B L - \frac{w L^2}{2} \quad \frac{\partial M}{\partial R_B} = L$$

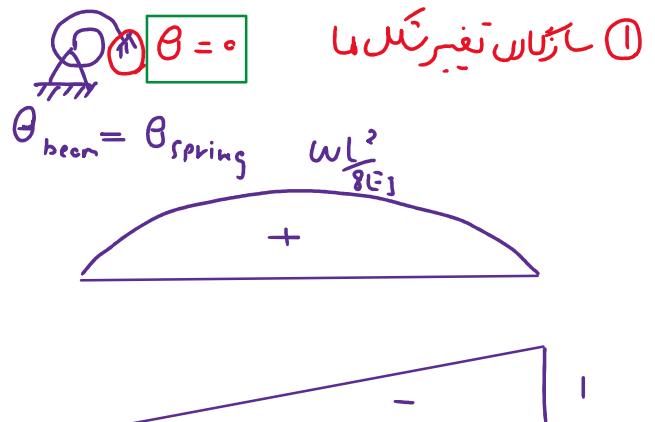
$$\frac{1}{EI} \int_0^{2L} (R_B x - \frac{w x^2}{2}) (x) dx + \frac{L}{4EI} (R_B L - \frac{w L^2}{2})(L) = 0$$

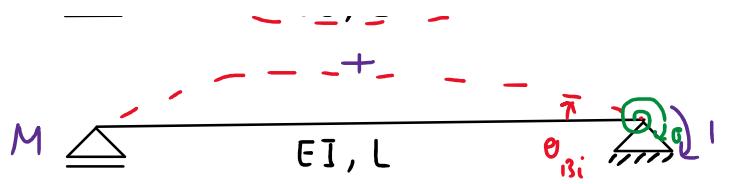
$$\frac{1}{EI} \left[R_B \left(\frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{w x^4}{8} \right) \right]_0^{2L} + \frac{1}{4} R_B \frac{L^3}{EI} - \frac{1}{8} \frac{w L^4}{EI} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{8}{3} R_B L^3 - 2wL^4 + \frac{1}{4} R_B L^3 - \frac{1}{8} wL^4 = 0$$

$$R_B = \frac{51}{70} wL$$



مثال: تیرشکل زیر را به روش های مختلف تحلیل کنید.





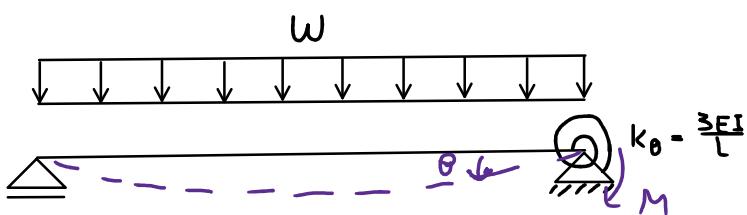
$$1 \times \theta_{BD} = \int \frac{M_m}{EI} dx = \left(\frac{L}{3}\right) \left(\frac{\omega L^2}{8EI}\right) (-1) = -\frac{\omega L^3}{24EI}$$

$$1 \times \theta_{Bi} = \int \frac{m^2}{EI} dx = \left(\frac{L}{3}\right) (-1)^2 = \frac{L}{3EI}$$

$$-\frac{\omega L^3}{24EI} + \frac{M L}{3EI} = -\frac{M L}{3EI} \rightarrow M = \frac{\omega L^2}{16}$$

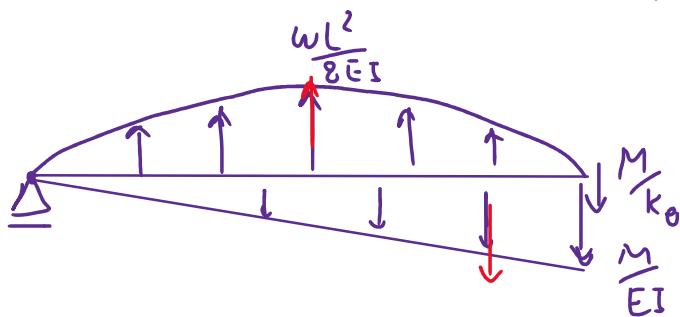
$$-\frac{\omega L^2}{24EI} + M \left(\frac{L}{3EI} + \frac{1}{3EI} \right) = 0$$

$$M = \frac{\omega L^2}{16}$$



$$\delta = 0 \\ \theta = \frac{M}{k_\theta}$$

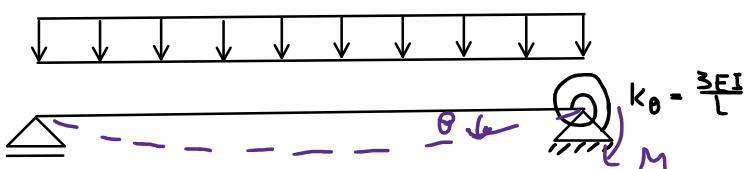
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$$M = 0 \\ V = \frac{M}{k_\theta}$$

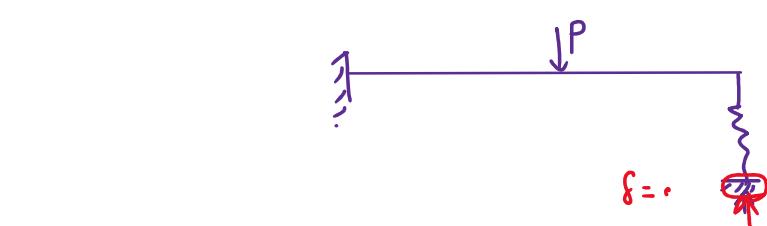
$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{\omega L^2}{8EI} \right) \left(L \right) \left(\frac{L}{2} \right) - \frac{M}{3EI} \left(L \right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{M}{EI} \right) \left(L \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} L \right) = 0$$

$$\frac{\omega L^4}{24} - \frac{ML^2}{3} - \frac{ML^2}{3} = 0 \rightarrow M = \frac{\omega L^2}{16}$$

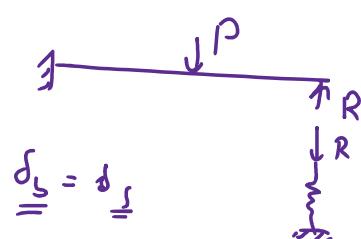


$$M = \frac{\omega L^2}{8} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\omega L^2}{16}$$

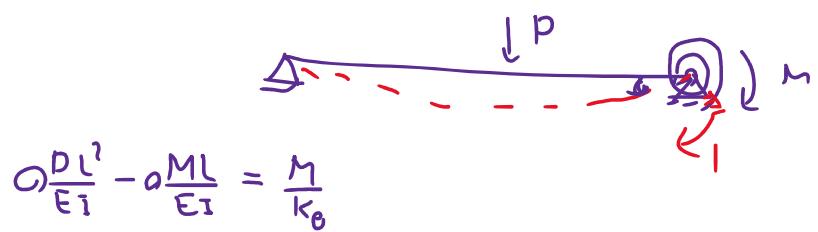
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$$-\sigma P L^3 + R L^3 - R = 0 \rightarrow R = \sigma P L^3 / (L^3 - 3L)$$



$$-\frac{P}{3EI} \theta + \frac{RL^3}{3EI} = -\frac{R}{k} \quad R \left(\frac{1}{k_s} + \frac{1}{k_f} \right)$$



$$\frac{PL^3}{EI} - a \frac{ML}{EI} = \frac{M}{k_0}$$

