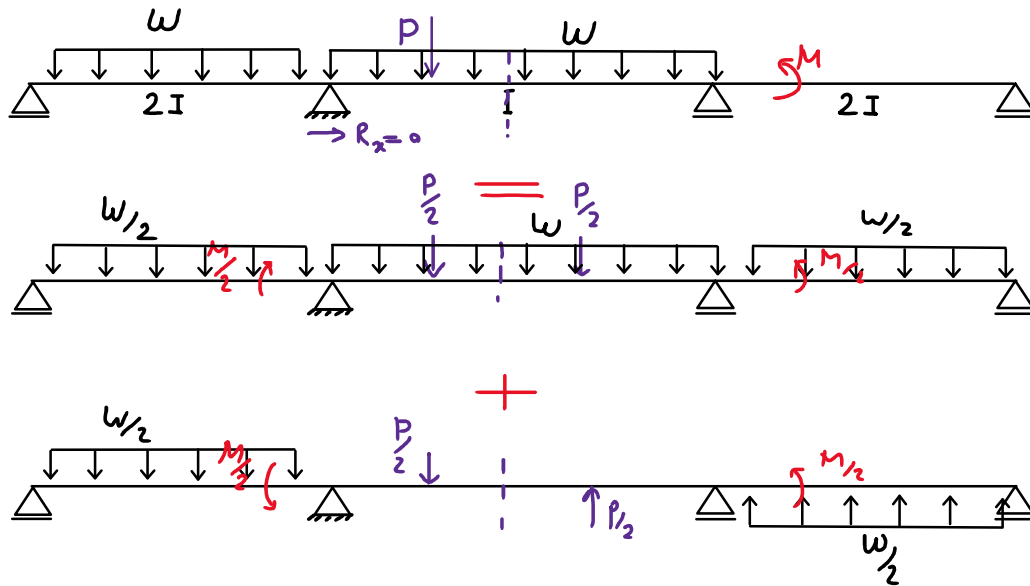


تفلیک یک بارگذاری کلی به یک بارگذاری متقارن و پادمتقارن

سازه متقارن با بارگذاری کلی



بارگذاری کلی

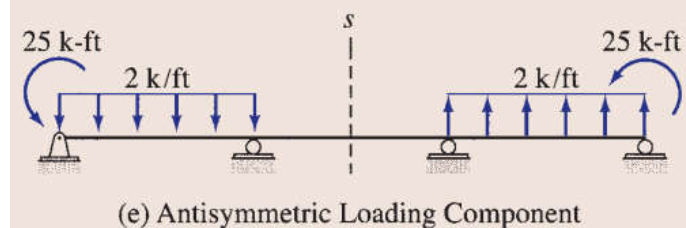
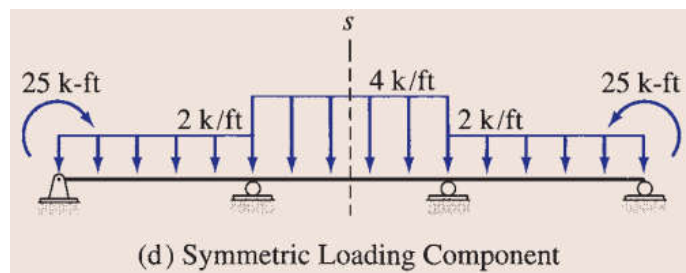
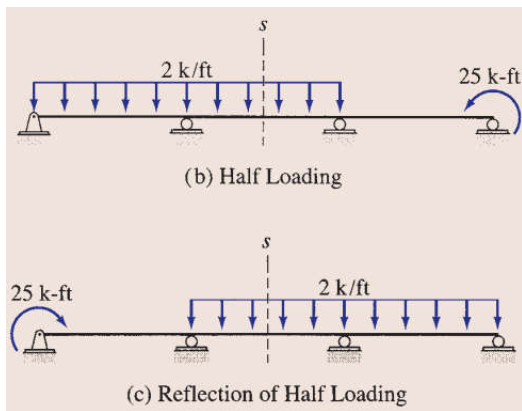
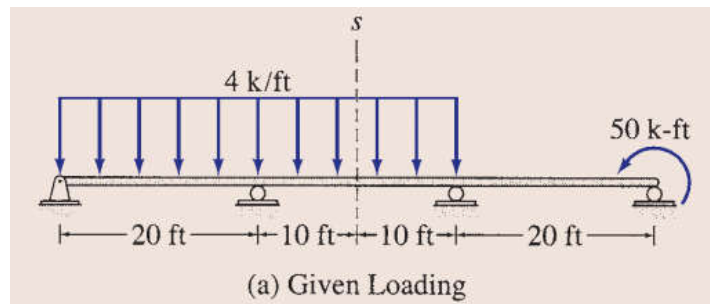
=

بارگذاری متقارن

+

بارگذاری پادمتقارن

مثال ①

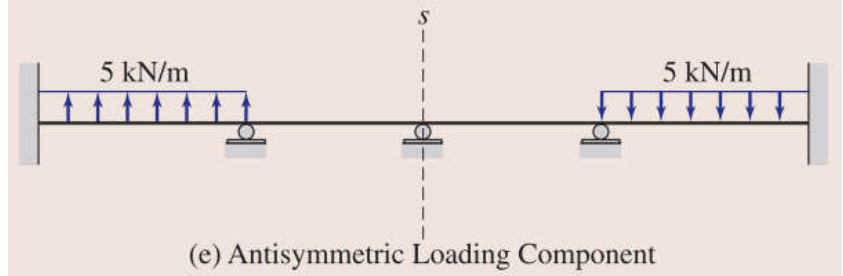
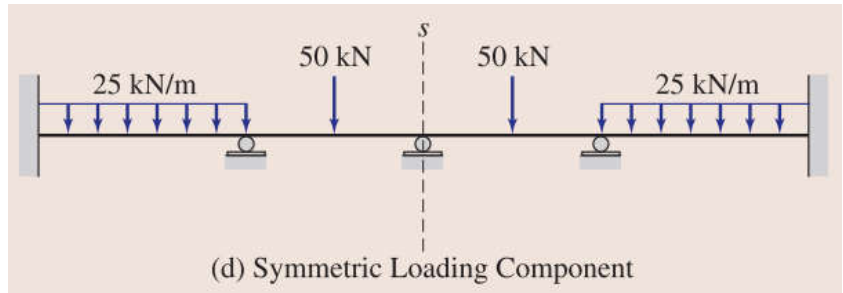
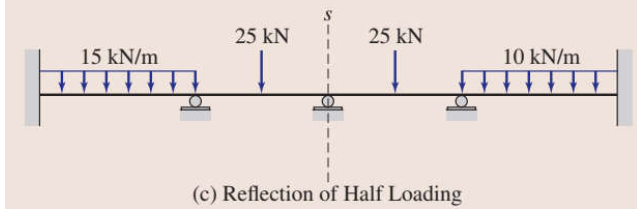
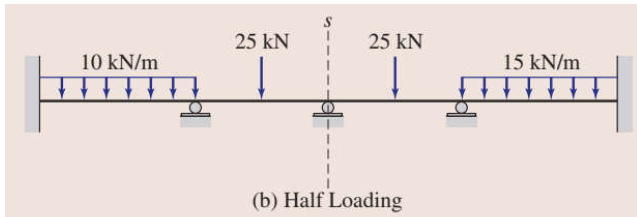
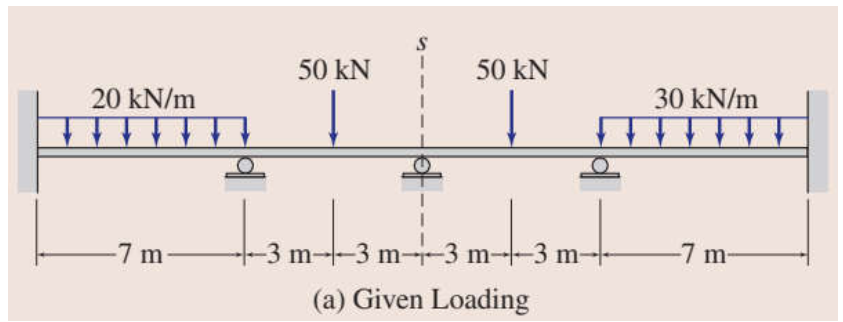


① رسم سازه با نصف بار و تصویر آینه‌ای آن نسبت به محور تقارن

② جمع بارها ①+② تقارن

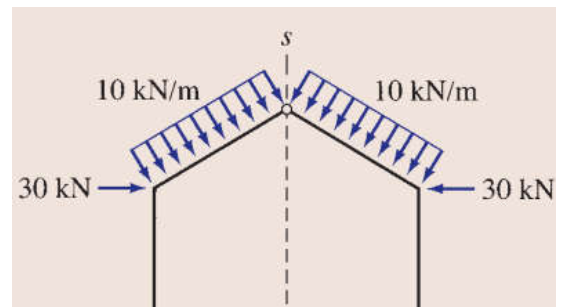
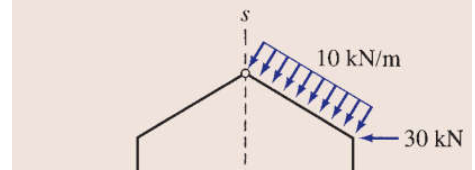
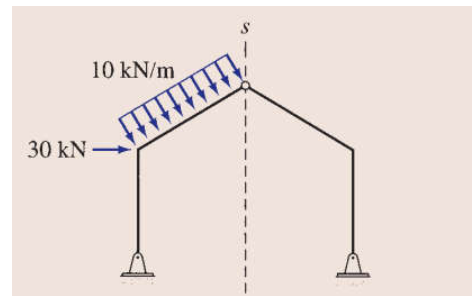
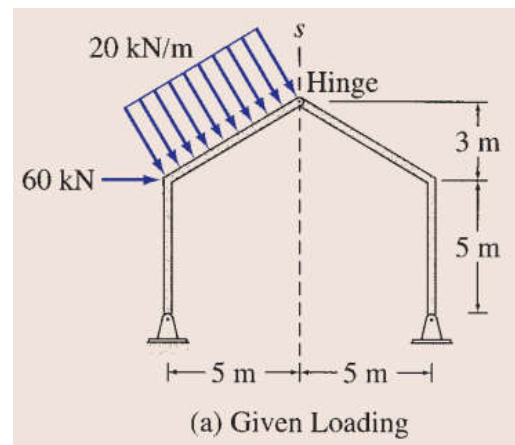
③ تفریق بارها ①-② پادمتقارن

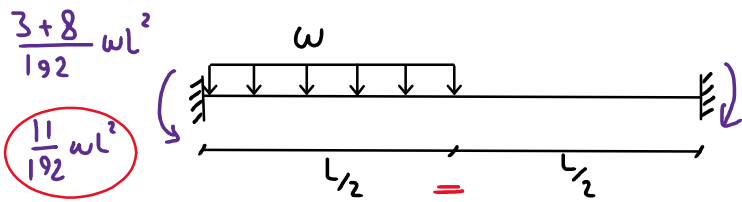
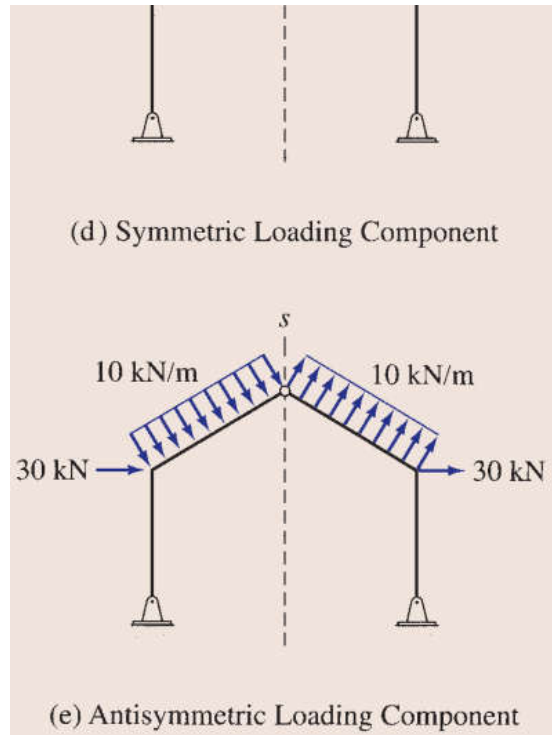
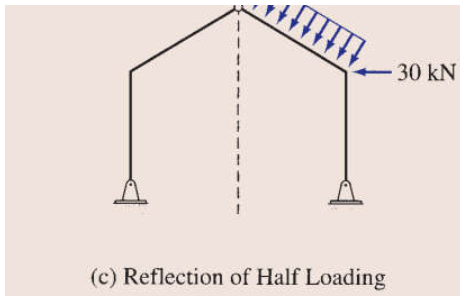
مثال ②



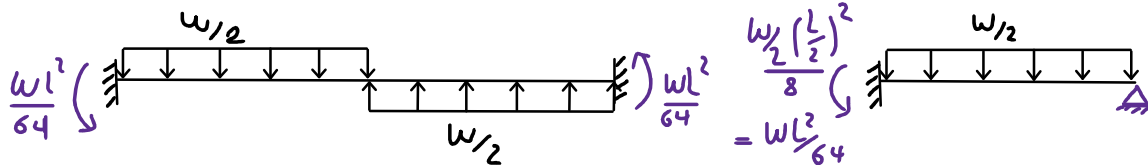
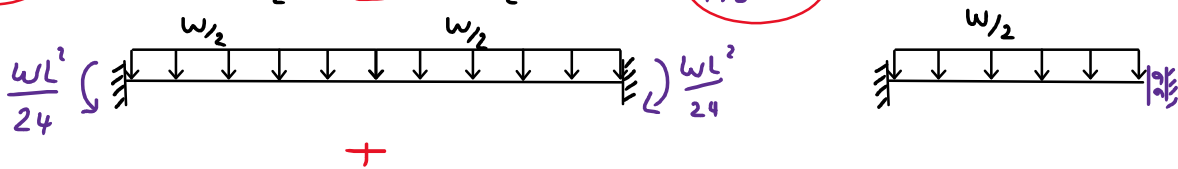
20 10
 15 15
 5 -5

مثال ٣

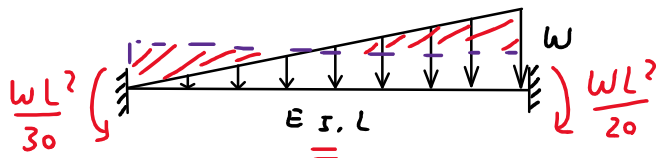




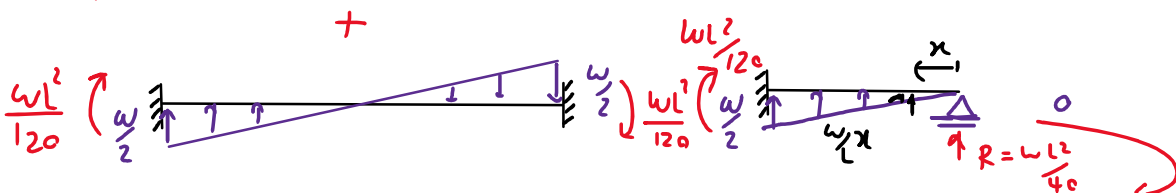
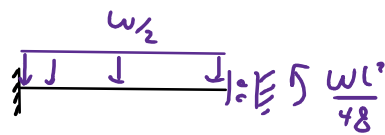
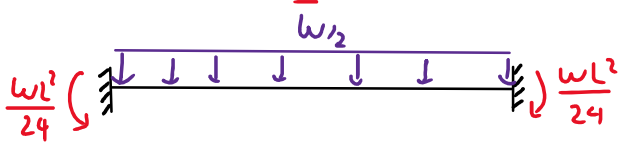
مثال: لنگرهای گبردارى دوسر تير را با دست آوريد.
 $\frac{8-3}{192} wL^2$
 $\frac{5}{192} wL^2$



مثال: لنگرهای گبردارى دوسر تير را با دست آوريد.
 وسط دهانه:
 $\frac{wL^2}{48}$



$\frac{5 \pm 1}{120}$



مثال

120 $\cdot \frac{1}{2}$

$$\delta_y = \frac{\partial U}{\partial R} = 0 \rightarrow U = \int \frac{1}{2} \frac{M^2}{EI} dx$$

$$\int_0^{L/2} (Rx + \frac{w}{L} \frac{x^3}{6}) dx = 0$$

$$\int_0^{L/2} (Rx^2 + \frac{w}{L} \frac{x^4}{6}) dx = 0$$

$$(R \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{w}{L} \frac{x^5}{30}) \Big|_0^{L/2} = 0$$

$$R \left(\frac{L^3}{24} \right) = -\frac{w}{L} \frac{L^5}{30 \times 5 \times 2}$$

$$R = -\frac{wL^2}{40}$$



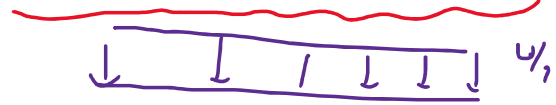
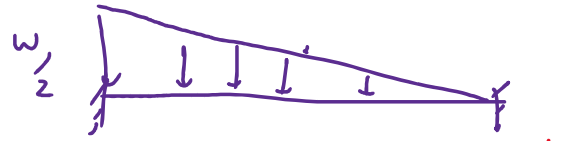
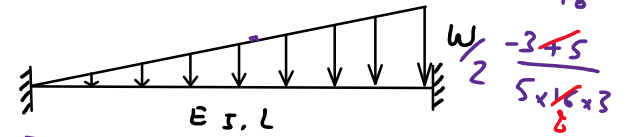
120 $\cdot 2$

$$\frac{1}{EI} \int M \left(\frac{\partial M}{\partial R} \right) dx = 0$$

$\uparrow R = \frac{wL^2}{40}$
U سبباً

$$M = Rx + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{w}{L} x \right) x \left(\frac{x}{3} \right) - \frac{wL^2}{40} \left(\frac{L}{2} \right) +$$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} M &= Rx + \frac{w}{L} \frac{x^3}{6} & \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{w}{2} \right) \left(\frac{L}{2} \right) \left(\frac{L}{6} \right) &= \\ \frac{\partial M}{\partial R} &= x & \left(\frac{1}{20} + \frac{1}{48} \right) & \end{aligned} \right.$$



+

